## THE GORY GARMENT.

Randall Fiercely Flapping the Bloody Shirt in Carlisle's Face.

An Issue That Fills the Fiery Southrons With Fury.

They Declare They Are Not Indiots and Do Not Need a Guardian.

The Game of Brag Still Progressing-Intrigue and Bluster.

The Danville massacre and Hazlehurst murder are far reaching in their effects, and they are figuring in this speakership contest in a peculiar fashion. Randall's friends are insisting that in view of the threatened sectional issuesit would not only be unwise to make a southern man speaker, but the democrats "dare not do it." They are pressing this point for all that it is worth, and the result has been to so infuriate the Carlisle men that they were prepared to cast every one of their votes for Cox if they find that they cannot elect their own candidate. That was the situation a couple of days ago. Mr. Cox understood it, and is now accused of secretly aiding the sectional cry. The Carlisle men think they have found this out, and begin to suspect that the New Yorker is really at the bottom of this entire strike against a southern man. As a final result of all these complications there is a strong and growing movement toward a man who has not been herotofore considered a candidate. That man is the Hon. Wm. R. Morrison, of fillinois. He is in accord with Carlisle on the tariff question, is liked by all the Carlisle men, and has made no enemies among the other factions. He is admitted to be the ablest western democrat in the house, and there is no question of his fitness or of the propriety of electing him. It is certain that if the fight between Randall and Carlisle men will vote for any other man in the house rather than Randall. That is the way the Randall haters were talking last night.

The Randall men are also stirring up an votes for Cox if they find that they cannot

Randall. That is the way the Randall haters were talking last night.

The Randall men are also stirring up an ugly feeling by the continual cry that Randall is the only safe man, because with him as speaker the democratic house will not make fools of themselves over the tariff and other troublesome things, and that the only hope for the democracy in 1884 is in keeping its mouth shut this winter. A fair number of democrats, especially from the south, are unwilling to admit that they are such consummate idiots and bunglers as the Randall men would have them believe that they are. "It looks," idiots and bunglers as the Randall men would have them believe that they are. "It looks," said one of them, "as if Mr. Randall thought he was the only democratic congressman who had any sense. What are we here for, anyway? Just to sit still and do nothing? It appears to me that if the people of this country had been satisfied with the republican congress they would have kept it, but they didn't. Now Mr. Randall wants us to believe that our only safety is to leave everything just as the republicans fixed it. I don't think that the first act of a democratic house will be to yote that it is an idiot, unable to take care of itself. We need neither a muzzle nor a guardian."

a guardian."

There is always something refreshing and exhibitanting about Mr. Cox's headquarters for the reason that he is always receiving some "unexpected accessions," and, as he himself says, "the unexpected is always levely and heautiful." Yesterday Mr. Cox had authentic information from Boston that two-thirds of the democratic delegation from Massachusetts would vote for him. The democratic delegation would vote for him. The democratic delegation from Massachusetts consists of three men, Morse, Collins, and Lovering. According to Mr. Cox's latest advices, Collins and Lovering will vote for him. He concedes that Morse will support Carlisle. Heretofore Carlisle has claimed Collins and Morse, and Randal Morse, and Ra dall has claimed all three of the votes. two votes for Cox are not numerous, but the

beauty of them is that they were unexpected.
With these constant accessions and the
general hopeful outlook for Mr. Cox, it would seem unnecessary for him to resort to vio-lence in this contest, yet there are very strong indications that his friends are adopting what is now generally known as "the Dan-ville method" of influencing voters. Rumors to that effect were flying yesterday, and a significant incident was mentioned in support of them. Yesterday afternoon a number correspondents were talking together in Cox's room, when a Virginia judge walked in and joined in the conversation. "It is not true," said he, "that either Mr. Randall or Mr. Carlisle, or both of them together, have the entire Virginia delegation. Two of the democratic congressmen from Virginia will vote for Mr. Cox." The Virginia judge made this statement, looked slowly around at his audience, and then added these re-markable and significant words: "And it will not be safe for any gentleman to gainsay

that statement in my presence."

An icy shiver ran about the room, and the hair of the gentlemen present stiffened as the thought of the Danville negroes crawling away into holes and alleys to die alone. Then there was some delicate questioning as to who the two Cox men from Virginia were, but the judge was impenetrable. Only when one of the gentlemen ventured to say that Randolph Tucker couldn't be one of them, as he was sure to vote for Carlisle, the judge forgot himself for an instant and ejaculated

He will not, sah."

Mr. Cox was not present at the time, but there is a dark suspicion that he was "in with the scheme." if he did not actually originate it. It is not pleasant to think that the shotgun and revolver will be used in this contest to intimidate democratic voters, and that the citizens of Washington will be compelled to send their women and children to the woods

for safety until after the caucus.

Among the aspirants for the minor officers of the house there is displayed even more activity than by the candidates for the speakership. It is conceded, however, that Col. Juo. G. Thompson will have practically no epposition for the office of sergeant at arms. Both candidates for the doorkeepership pro-fess the utmost confidence, but after a careful survey of the situation it is evident that Mr. J. R. Wintersmith of Texas, has a decided lead over his opponent, Mr. Field. Mr. Wintersmith will enter the contest with almost every southern vote at his back, except perhaps a few in the Virginia delegation. The hans a few in the Virginia delegation. postmastership is likely to be reserved as a sort of consolation cup to some of the active workers of the successful candidate workers of the successful candidate for the speakership, who, instead of being awarded the coveted chairman-ship, will be allowed to enter the winning candidate for the bouse postoffice. Mr. Lycargus Dalton, superintendent of the senate folding room, is an open aspirant for 

Randolph Tucker was claimed for Cox he said: "That will be semewhat embarrassing. I understand that Mr. Randall's friends also claim Mr. Tucker's vote, and I have here a letter from him stating that he is coming over here seen to work for me. I suppose the only way will be for him to take turns, one day for Randall, one for Cox, and one for

Mr. Springer happened to be in the room Mr. Springer happened to be in the room, and he at once answered: "Mr. Tucker is a valuable man, and if he is going to be divided I shall certainly claim my share of him.

Some arrangement of the kind will probably be entered into in order to avert blood-x belief that she has been kienaoped."

shed, which would follow the actual physical division of Mr. Tucker.

"Mr. Springer's percentage of strength gained yesterday," said a republican sympathizer, "was greater than that of any candidate."

"How great was it?"

"How great was it?"

"One hundred per cent. The Hon. Samuel W. Moulton, of Illinois, arrived to-day. He already had a pledge from Mr. Riggs, of Illinois, who has been here several days actively supporting his colleague."

The Hon. Samuel Dibble, of South Carolina, arrived yesterday. He and the Hon. George D. Tillman, of the same state, are for Randall. The Hon. John D. Patton, of Pennsylvania, came yesterday, and immediately sought out Mr. Randall's hesdquarters to renew his pledge of featty.

to renew his pledge of fealty.

The Hon. Thomas R. Cobb, of Indiana, was another arrival. He has formerly worked for Randall, but is claimed this time by the

arlisle men.
Ex-Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, secured Ex-Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, secured considerable attention yesterday. On Monday he made remarks at Mr. Cox's head-quarters which convinced the New Yorker's friends that he was with them, but the Randali men could not find scorn enough yesterday to put in their laughter when it was suggested that he would not vote for Randall.

ATLANTA. GA., Nov. 21.—The Constitution has heretofore strongly opposed the election of Mr. Randall to the speakership because of his position on the tariff question, but, in its leading editorial this morning, withdraws further opposition, and indicates that more important issues than the tariff have arisen. important issues than the tariff have arisen. It is considered probable that Mr. Randall will get a majority of the votes of the Georgia

#### STAR ROUTE SUITS.

Cases Against Henry Arbuckle and Will-

tam R. Casen Discontinued. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.-The civil suits prought by the United States against Joseph Funk, defaulting star route mail contractor, and his sureties, Henry Arbuckle and Willam R. Casen, were discontinued to-day by United States District Attorney Valentine. The defendants had given bonds for star routes Nos. 39,119 and 39,120 in the sums of routes Nos. 39,119 and 39,120 in the sums of \$3,300 and \$1,600 respectively, and on failure to fulfill the contracts suits for the recovery of actual damages were brought. This amount was fixed by the treasury department at \$928,35, and when that amount was deposited to-day by Theodore P. Matthews, attorney for the defendants, with the assistant United States treasurer notice of the withdrawal of the suits was given. This is the end of the star route proceedings in this disdrawal of the suits was given. This is the end of the star route proceedings in this dis-trict. The only defendants who were sen-tenced to imprisonment were Thomas A. Mc-Devitt and Christian Price, both of whose

#### THE IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Convention for the State of New York With Organization and Proceedings.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 21.-The Irish National League convention opened its session here to-day. Upward of one hundred delegates are present from the Irish societies

delegates are present from the Irish societies throughout the state. The object is to organize the state of New York for the assistance of Ireland's cause.

Dr. Wallace, state executive of the National league, appealed for the fulfillment of the pledge made at the Philadelphia convention to extend aid to Ireland. He said that half a million Irishmen should be enrolled for Ireland's relief in this state, and that every man should contribute \$1.

After organization, with Dr. Wallace as chairman, committees were named.

## Yet Other Firebugs.

LYNCHURG, VA., Nov., 21.-The detection and arrest of the firebug, Warrison Crews, last week, has failed to stop the work of the midnight incendiary in this zity, and the fact is now very evident that he had accom-

night about 12 o'clock " the Last night about 12 octock the free bells again aroused our people from their slumbers, when the stable and carriage house of Mr. John W. Stone, on Diamond hill, were found to be in flames, and, with the carriage, were very quickly burned to the ground. The fire progressed so rapidly that before the fire company could get to work the frent of the opposite residence of Dr. J. C. Clarke was seriously damaged by the flames. One of the seriously damaged by the flames. One of the horses attached to the reel becoming fright-ened, dashed into the blaze and was fatally burned, while his driver manufacture. burned, while his driver narrowly escape with his life, being burned in many places. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary and puts our people on the outlook

Brighton Beach Races. NEW YORK, Nov. 21 .- At least 5,000 people attended the Brighton Beach races to-day. The first race was for a purse of \$250 for

non-winners, 7 furlongs. Buckra won, Gray Bonnet second, Riddle third. Time, 1:31. Second race, purse \$250, selling allowances, one mile. Charley Kempland won, Hickory Jim second, Alaska third. Time, 1:44∤. Mu-

tuels paid \$34.40.
Third race, purse \$250, for all ages, one mile and a furlong. Brunswick won in 1:58, Wandering second, Black Jack third. Fourth race, purse \$250, welter weights, selling allowances, one mile and a furlong. Harry Mann won in 2:00‡, Edwin A second, Bonaretta third. Mutuels paid \$38.90,

## Frothing and Barking Like a Dog.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 21 .- Frederick Albright Cincinnati boy of 18, is lying al the point of death at the residence of his aunt, Mrs. O. N. Smith, from hydrophobia. A few years ago Albright, while living in Cincinnati, was bitten by a dog. The barking and howling of the sufferer resemble very closely those of a dog. Physicians are watching the case with more than ordinary interest.

## They Will Reply to Mahone.

Special Disputch.
LYNCHBURG, VA., Nov. 21.—The democratic state committee, by order of its chair man, John S. Barbour, will meet in Rich mond to-morrow to consider the result of the late election and to determine upon the They will issue an address in reply to that of Senator Mahone, chairman of readjuster party, issued last week.

## CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Robert Pratt, convicted of murder in the surior court at Goldsbard, N. C., has been sen-uced to be hauged Dec. 20.

—At Baltimore yesterday Edward J. Curry, an trial for the murder of his wife in August last was found guilty of macslaughter. —W. J. Kounts, proprietor of the Allegheny Mail was convicted of crimitaal libel yesterday in a sult brought by P. Walters, member of the Allegheny City council.

-The coroner's jury in the recent Wisconsin state capitol disaster have found Nowien, the con-tractic Jones, the architect, and Koch, the con-sulting architect, guilty of gross negligence. —The fourth annual report of the Oregon Railway and Navigation company shows the varnings to be \$5,00,012; operating expenses, \$2,624,170; net earnings, \$2,476,341; increased net carnings.

earnings, \$73,228, -Cune Von Troth yesterday gained a verdict for \$7,000 damages against the Long Island rail-way, in the Kings county supreme court, on ac-count of injuries sustained by being crushed by a train on that road.

—The sloop Willie F. Thomas, of Crisfield, Md., which capsized in the late storm on Chesapeake flay, was raised yesterday. The bodies of Irwin Jones and J. Johnson, colored members of the crew, were recovered, but the body of Capt. Webster was not found.

#### FOR THEIR RIGHTS.

The Colored Men of Alexandria Meet and Discuss the Situation.

Speeches by Col. M. M. Holland, W. Calvin Chase, and Others.

Excelsior hall, in Alexandria, was densely packed last evening at the civil rights mass neeting of the colored citizens of Alexandria and vicinity, held under the auspices of the Old Dominion club of that city. It was expected that Hon. Fred Douglass and Col. R. G. Ingersoll would address the meeting, but, owing to previous engage-ments, they were unable to be present. After the meeting was called to order the chairman of the committee, Magnus L. Robinson, introduced Col. M. M. Holland, of Ohio, who was the first speaker. Col. Holland said he had been struck by an article with reference to the meeting that had been published in the Alexandria Gazette, which was most incendiary in its character, and calculated to incite race hostility, and induce the white men of the city to interfere with the meeting and to bull-doze those in charge of it. He regarded the article as a libel upon the colored men present and those who had been invited to address them. He was there to speak the truth, and if that excited the white bourbons he could not help it.

These bourbons of Virginia had called upon the negroes to cut losse from the carpet son, introduced Col. M. M. Holland, of Ohio,

the negroes to cut loose from the carpet baggers, but they had tried this experiment in the past and found it resulted in their disfranchisement. To a man they had voted for Mahone, who was native and to the man-ner born, and the smoking shotguns at Dan-

villa had served notice that this was displeasing to the rock-ribbed bourbon democracy. The recent decision of the supreme court upon the civil in many a southern state, and was fully as execrable as that rendered by Chief Justice Tancy. He advised all who could not obtain their civil rights, not to acts of violence, but to emigrate to the west, where they would be treated at least as human beings. The colored race there were inferior in numbers, wealth, and intelligence, and could not afford to provoke the hostilities of the whites. The bourbons had met in Washington, and

The bourbons had met in Washington, and rejoiced over their recent triumph with none to molest them, but when a few colored men met to discuss a matter of the deepest importance to themselves, this intolerant sheet, misnamed a newspaper, said it was to excite a race issue. The speakers from Washington had been warned that their lives would be in danger in Alexandria, but such a barking dog as this newspaper never bit, though it might excite more vicious brutes. He read many extracts from the utterances of Senator Sherman and other leading republicans upon the civil rom the uterances of Senator Section and other leading republicans upon the civil rights decision of the supreme court, and, in conclusion, said God's eternal justice would work out the problem of the civil rights of the colored race, just as it had that of slavery. God was on the side of the oppressed, and it would be conceded that He was more powerful than a reconstructions the realizant bourtons who

would be conceded that He was more powerful than even the malignant bourbons who edited the Alexandria Gazette.

W. Calvin Chase was the next speaker, and at the conclusion of his remarks letters of sympathy were read from Hon. R. G. Ingersoll, Hon. Fred Douglass, and Hon. B. K. Bruce. Arthur St. A. Smith, of Washington, was the last speaker. He said he deeply sympathized with the colored people of Virginia in the double affliction that had befallen them through the decision of the supreme court and the temporary defeat of the gallant Mahone, who had battled for equal rights for all before the law. The Alexandria rights for all before the law. The Alexandria Gazette had said the negro must go, but his race were born on the soil and had died at Danville, Hamburg, and in Mississippi. They lie like men and be buried under its soil. referred in eloquent terms to Senator Sher-man, Associate Justice Harlan, Gen. Mahone, Ingersoll, Douglass, Bruce, and O'Hara as men who had stood in the fight and defended the rights of the weak and the helpless.

At the conclusion of the speeches the re-marks of the speakers were adopted as the sentiments of the meeting.

The gathering was a most orderly one, and

the speeches were listened to with deep interest and enthusiastically applauded. It is feared by the committee in charge that est and entinusiationally application. It was feared by the committee in charge that on account of the very inflammatory character of the article in the Genetic many of the colored people would be intimidated and refrain from appearing at the hall, but such was not the case, as the building was filled to over flowing, and a large crowd filled up the side walk and street in front of the hall. A NEW TRUNK LINE.

## Formidable Combination Arranged

Opposition to Vanderbilt's Lines.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—It is reliably tated that negotiations have been completed by which the Buffalo, New York, and Philadelphia and West Shore railways are to be made a part of a new trunk line. The Buffalo is to join the Andrews road at New Castle, and go thence to Akron, Ohio. From that point a railway sixty-five miles long is to be built to Chicago Junction, there to join the Baltimore and Ohio. Here the New England business of the latter road is to be delivered for shipment over the above named roads. The part of the line to be built is to be put under con-struction at once, and all the roads wil-devote 2 per cent. of the gross New England ousiness toward the interest on the bonds The Buffalo, New York and Philadelphia and the West Shore roads will soon commence building a road from Brocton, on the line of the former road, to Cleveland, there to the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and dianapolis to give the West Shore a south-western outlet. The Buffalo and the West Shore are to occupy a union depot in the city Buffalo.

## THE TURF CONVENTION.

Adoption of a Uniform Sliding Scale of Weights. LOUISVILLE, Nov. 21.-A meeting of turfmen, called by Col. M. Lewis Clark, president of the Louisville Jockey club, to consider the question of weight and other turf interests, assembled here to-day. The following repre sentatives were present: Louisville club, M. sentatives were present: Louisville club, M. Lewis Clark, president; Benjamin Bruce, secretary. Latonia, T. J. Megibben, president; E. D. Lawrence, secretary. St. Louis, John M. Harney, president; L. Clark, secretary; Nashville, James Franklin, president; G. W. Darden, secretary; Memphis, S. Montgomery; Lexington, Gen. James F. Robinson; Chicago, J. H. Brewster, secretary; Louisiana, R. W. Simmons, president; Brighton Beach, R. W. Simmons. A number of other, turfmen were also present. number of other turfmen were also present. T. J. Megibben was chosen chairman and Ben Bruce secretary. Col. M. L. Clark, G. W. Darden, L. Clark, R. W. Simmons, and C. L. Hunt reported a table embodying the sliding scales of Saratoga and the east by completing the scale for December, January, February, March, and April. The weights for two-year-olds in races or stakes exclusively for them is 105 pounds for January 1 to May 1, and 110 pounds the remainder of the year; in races or stakes exclusively for three-year-olds 110 pounds, from January 1 to May, and 118 pounds thereafter. Five pounds allowance is made for heat races ex-clusively for two and three-year-olds.

The committee on rules was instructed to prepare, from the rules of the Louisville Jockey club, Saratoga, and American Jockey clubs, and from suggestions of breeders pres-

clusively for two and three-year-olds.

ont, a uniform set of rules, which the committee will probably be ready to report to-

morrow.

Among the subjects of importance discussed was the adoption of a rule making reinstate-ment impossible after being ruled off a course. There is a general and strong sentiment in favor of stringent rules that will make fraud on the turf practically impossible. The meeting will probably remain in session several days.

#### THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

Twenty-seven States Represented at the

Annual Meeting Yesterday. The annual convention of the national grange was opened in this city yesterday, twenty-seven states being represented by masters of state granges, Mr. William Saunders, of the agricultural department, who was the first master of the national grange, delivered an address of national grange, delivered an address of welcome to the delegates. Speeches were made by ex-Gov. Robie, of Maine, J. R. Thompson, of this city, and Mr. Harrison, of Alabama. These gentlemen discussed the question of the strength and influence of the agricultural class, its wants of representation in the executive branch of the government, and the growth of the National Grange organization.

and the growth of the National Grange organization.
Worthy Master J. J. Woodman, of Michigan, delivered his annual address, reviewing the progress of the order. He asserted that the grange organization is in a more prosperous condition now than it has been for many years, and that its ranks are rapidly filling up. It was a lengthy document, and treats of agriculture and the arts of husbandry in the greatest detail and painstaking elaboration. taking elaboration.

#### POSSIBLY A GREAT DISASTER,

Fears That the Lake Superior Steamer Manistee is Lost With All on Board.

DULUTH, MINN., Nov. 21 .- The strong probability now is that the steamer Manistee is lost with all on board. She left Duluth on Saturday, the tenth instant, but owing to the great storm, did not leave Ashland for Ontonagon until Friday, the fifteenth, which was before the storm had wholly abated. Her crew consisted of twenty-five persons, and she had on board twenty-five passengers. The last ever seen of her was when she was leaving Asbland. The tugs have been searching for her the last three days. A telegram was received this morning that the tug Maytham had found part of the cabin washed ashere some distance above Ontonagan. Nothing was seen of the Manistee herself, or of any of her small boats, or of the grew, and of any of her small boats, or of the crew, and there are grave fears that the steamer has gone down with all on board.

#### THE MEXICAN VETERANS

Invited to Take Part in the Celebration of Evacuation Day.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21 .- At the meeting of the Mexican war veterans held last evening to complete their preparations for the parade on the twenty-sixth, the two New York regiments, Burnett's and Stevenson's, which took part in the war were represented by about forty of the surviving members. They resolved to parade together, and an invitation is extended to all Mexican veterans of other states now in the city to unite with them. It is expected that about eighty survivors of the Mexican war will be in the evacuation day column.

It Works Well. CHEYENNE, WYO., Nov. 21.—The editor of

he Daily Leader says that the letter published in the New York Times, stating that woman suffrage is a failure in Wyoming, is incorrect and unfounded. Woman suffrage has worked well in most instances, and has proved satisfactory on the whole. South Carolina Election Cases,

ALLENTOWN, PA., Nov. 21.-William P.

Snyder, of this city, has forwarded his resignation to Attorney General Brewster as special assistant attorney general in prosecut-ing election cases in South Carolina He election cases in South Carolina says the government does not give its officers proper assistance and encourages To the Memory of Dr. Sims The Medical society of the district last

night adopted resolutions of respect to the memory of Dr. J. Marion Sims. It was resolved that "as Americans we feel justly proud of the brilliant and efficient career of this eminent physician, whose original and valuable achievements in the domain of surgery, as well as his wisdom, superior skill, and rare tact in other departments of his profes-sion, illustrated genius and intelligence seldom vouchsafed to mortal man, and which challenged the admiration of the scientific world and deserved the gratitude of suffering humanity."

further resolved that among the galaxy of the distinguished men of our counry in scientific achievements, Dr. J. Marion Sims stands forth a grand central light, illuminating the world of science, and fully receiving, not only due recognition and reverential observation from the eminent savants of Europe, but royal homage from crowned heads and grateful tributes from

## The New York Way

About four months ago, says the Wall Street Ners, a man who claimed to be an old Wall street speculator made his appearance in one of the smart towns of Michigan, and after looking around for a bit he took a liking to the grist mill business. The mill was a poor old affair, out of repair and in debt, and owned by two men. They gave the New Yorker a one-third interest to take hold and make things boom. No one could see much of an improvement, and none of the old creditors had any particular reason to rejoice, but at the end of three months the mill was mortgaged to declare a dividend, the stock watered up to \$15,000, and buyers at once as-sessed 15 per cent. to make needed repairs. and in thirty days more the New Yorker had skipped with the pot, leaving the town about six hours before a sudden freshet carried away the mill by the dam site.

## A Pleasant Masquerade.

A private masque soiree was given last evening at Washington hall, corner Third atreet and Pennsylvania avenue southeast, Prof. Kreuger's orchestra rendered excellent Prof. Kreuger's orchestra rendered executions dancing music. Among those present and the characters represented were Misses: Ammie Bacon, "Red Ridinghood;" Carrie Cowling, "Sister of Mercy;" Ida Rank, "Fortune Teller;" Dottie Reid, "Mother Hubbard;" Katie Reid, "Little Nell;" McDermott, "Danish Girl;" Ida Fletcher, "Jersey Lily;" "Danish Girl;" Ida Fletcher, "Jersey Lily; " Dora Ricketts, "Romany Rye;" Lily Keeley,
"Old Lady;" Offutt, "Faggot Girl;" Messrs.
Mulligan, "Prince;" M. L. Brown, "Jockey;"
Charles Robanner, "Indian," and B. D. Ellis,
"Southern Darkey." Dancing was continued until a late hour.

#### A Set Back for McGarrahan. The secretary of the interior has affirmed the decision of the commissioner of the general land office, denying the right of appeal to William McGarraban for a suspension of the proceedings in the matter of the minin entries, Nos. 80, 81, and 82, made by the Ne Idria Mining company in California, for which patents were about to issue.

Indian Courts

A report received at the Indian bureau of the operations of one of the newly organized Indian courts at the Nez Perce agency, Idaho shows that ten cases came up for hearing during the past month, resulting in nine convictions and one acquittal. The revenue for the month of the court, which is composed of Indians, was \$124.

UNION VETERAN CORPS.

Their Highly Successful Entertainment

at Their New Armory Last Night. Although it could be fairly expected, from the fact that the arrangements had been placed in able and competent hands, that the literary and musical entertainment and hop given at Masonic temple, the armory of the Union Veteran corps, Capt. Thomasson, would

given at Masonic temple, the armory of the Union Veteran corps, Capt. Thomasson, would be all that the friends of the corps could desire, yet it was conceded by the hundreds who attended that so complete a success was hardly looked for.

The following programme was very artistically rendered: Overture, "Eureka" (Boettger), Schroeder's orchestra; barytone solo, "Thy Sentinel Am I" (Watson), Mr. Emil Mori; zither and piano, "Heimweh," Messrs, George H. Michaelsen and Fred. M. Lillebridge; tener solo, "When the Tide Comes In" (Millard), Mr. William D. MoFarland; recitation, "The Spelling Bee at Angel's" (Bret Harte), Prof. D. O. Drennan, of Chicago; soprano solo, aria from "The Hugnenots," "Song of the Page" (Meyerbeer), Miss Annie Roemer-Kaspar; caprice, imitation song and dance (Ross), Schroeder's orchestra; shadow pantomime, arranged by Mr. William F. Lutz; tenor solo, "The Swallows" (Kiel), with violoncello obligato, Messrs. Fred Knoop and Henry Eberbach; concerto, instrumental (Reissiger), Messrs. F. Weiler, G. K. Finkel, H. Eberbach, and Psof. William Waldecker; duet, "When I Know That Thou Art Near Me" (Abt), Mrs. Annie Roemer-Kaspar, and Mr. Emil Mori; William F. Lutz, director.

At first all encores were refused, until, in response to vociferous recalls, Mrs. Roemer-Kaspar sang, "You May Come, If You Please," and Mr. F. Knoop also responded to an encore. Besides Mr. Lutz, who arranged the shadow pantomimes, Mr. G. Michaelsen, who had previously won much applause for his excellent performance upon the zither, and Messrs. Leppert and Bachschmidt participated in the same. The platform was very prettily decorated.

Among those present, beside the officers and members of the callant corn.

lecorated. Among those present, beside the officers and members of the gallant corps, were some of the officers of the Washington Light Infantry, members of the gallant corps, were some of the officers of the Washington Light Infantry, the National Rifles, commanders of various posts of the Grand Army of the Republic, a delegation from Lincoln Post, No. 3, Grand Army of the Republic, Mrs. S. E. Thompson, Mrs. W. H. Hoover, Mrs. Ebert, Mrs. Hartell, Mrs. Siep, Mrs. F. W. Paige, Mrs. McDonald, Mrs. Siep, Mrs. F. W. Paige, Mrs. McDonald, Mrs. F. M. Skinner, Mrs. Dr. Donohue, Mrs. Hansell, Mrs. and the Misses Carroll, Mrs. A. E. Bogia, Dr. and Mrs. Adsms, Mrs. M. E. Scherer and Miss Scherer, Mrs. and Miss Javins, Mrs. Clarvoe and the Misses Clarvoe, Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Johnson, Capt. and Mrs. E. G. Wheeler, Maj. and Mrs. E. M. Rosafy, Mr. and Mrs. H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Gochon, Misses Mamie and Annie Bregazzi, Lillie and Clara Rosafy, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Irene Hilleary, Misses Winstead, Mamie and Maggie O'Connell, Dixon, Hattie Goldsborough, Rosie Trunnel, Lillie Payne, Lizzie and Anna Kulle, Mitchelmore, Minnie Perrott, L. L. Redman, Josie Dabney, Ruth Fellows, Maggie Macc, Turner, Gaylord, Florence Langley, Ada R. Aner, Ellis, Mittie Calvert, Emma Herschback and Louise Kohler, of Savannah, Ga.; Hickenlooper, Daisy Boyd, Helen Duke, Ida Daly, Florie and Katte Roach, Annetta Walker, Rose Crippen, and Effic Taylor.

### THE NEW CHORAL SOCIETY.

Permanent Constitution Adopted-Additional Directors Elected.

The Chorus society held a meeting last night, with the vice president, Mr. B. U. Keyser, in the chair, and Mr. Q. A. Pearson Keyser, in the chair, and Mr. Q. A. Pearson secretary. It was determined to change the name to that of "Choral society," and on motion the change was adopted. The constitution which had been temporarily adopted at the last meeting was made permanent. The bylaws were so amended as to provide for the administration of fines for non-attendance at rehearsals. A system of dues was perfected. The name of the executive committee was changed to board of directors, and two new members, Messrs. Widney and Rico, were added thereto. The musical com-Rice, were added thereto. The musical committee was also increased two, Mr. John O. Pugh and Mrs. Nellie McCartee. It was or rugh and are, seine accurace. It was announced that all applications for active membership must be referred to the secretary, giving full name, address, and quality of voice. They would be handed over by the secretary to the musical committee, and, if approved by them, be presented to the society for election. Mr. Spofford and Mr. Denversy were elected contribution rembers. Dempsey were elected contributing members. The new name recalls the famous old Choral society, which, under the direction of Mr. H. C. Sherman, achieved a national repu-tation, meeting the best of the German singing societies and beating them. in the name is a compliment to Mr. Sherman.

## A Pleasant Farewell.

A large number of members of the Young Men's Christian association and their friends ssembled in the hall of the society last night to tender a farewell to Mr. I. W. Goodhue, assistant secretary of the Young Men's Chris-tian association, and who is about to leave the city to act as general secretary for the asso-

city to not as general secretary for the association in Waterbury, Conn.

Mr. Otto G. Ockstein opened the exercises with a well-delivered reading, and Miss Lilbiridge sang a solo. Mr. B. H. Warner was called upon for a speech, to which he responded in a short address, full of advice and accouragement to Mr. Goodhus. The latter encouragement to Mr. Goodhue. The latter, in reply, expressed with much emotion his appreciation of the good will so carneatly shown. Messrs. Harding, Tayloe, Phillips, Ringwalt, and others, made speeches eulo-gistic of Mr. Goodhue and regret for his leparture.

# Concordia Young People's Association.

At the adjourned meeting of the Concordia Young People's association last evening the election of officers was concluded as follows: Treasurer, C. B. Schneider; librarian, Theodore Thomas; literary committee, Miss Emma Baalbach, Miss Mary Gockeler, Mr. J. G. Gut-tenson, and Mr. E. W. Koel; music commit-tee, Theodore Thomas, Harry Guttenson, Mrs. L. H. Schneider, and Miss Rose Gockeler; standing committee, Mr. R. Doerner, Mr. Ang. Ockersnausen, and Miss Maggie Kaiser. The election of the confidential committee was postponed to the first meeting in January The association now numbers seventy mem-

## An Engine Jumps the Track.

Yesterday morning as the train on the Baltimore and Ohio railway from the west, due here at 6:20 o'clock, but which was thirty minutes late, was entering the city, the enminutes its. was catering the crystal and gine and tender jumped the track when near the corner of First and D streets northwest. The engine and tender were wrecked and one of the sleepers and the baggage car were badly wrecked. The wreck blocked the track for several hours and interfered with the departure of trains, but the incoming ones were not delayed, as they put their passen-gers out beyond the wreck. A wrecker's train was sent from Baltimore to clear the

## Dr. Isham's Funeral.

The funeral of Dr. Lucius D. Isham took place from his late residence, 314 First street outheast, yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Rev. Drs. Downs and Norris officiated. Mount Vernon Royal Arch Chapter, of which the leceased was a member, attended in a body. Interment took place at Congressional ceme tery. Dr. Isham had been a resident of East Washington for twenty years. He was con-fined to his ed about six years previous to Dr. Isham had been a resident of East his death.

The Weather To-Day. Partly cloudy weather and light rain, southeast to outhwest winds, stationary or slight rise in tem-

rature, lower barometer. Yesterday's thermometer: 7 a. m., 52.0°; 11 a. m.,

58.9°; 3 p. m., 65.4°; 7 p. m., 63.0°; 11 p. m., 62.0°; maximum, 65.5°; minimum, 52.1°.

## DRIPPING WITH BLO D.

The "Niggers" Were "Rude, Insolent, and Clamorous for Their Rights,"

And So the Danville Butchers Turned in and Killed Them.

Accused of Murder, They Try Themselves, and the Verdict is " Not Guilty."

Extraordinary Report of the Danville Bourbon Investigating Committee,

The committee of forty, which the citizens of Danville appointed to report upon the riot at that place, has finished its labors, after examining thirty-seven witnesses, and last night reported its conclusions. The committee, of course, was selected from the white men to whom, as they say in their report,

the negroes had been "rude," and its ex-traordinary findings, which came by wire, are as follows:

1. That by their success in the election of a large majority of their party nominees to the town offices in the May election of 1882, and large majority of their party nominees to the town offices in the May election of 1882, and the subsequent appointment by the council so elected of negro policemen, as well as by the conduct of officials so elected, there was engendered in the minds of the negroes of Danville a belief that, as against the white men, they would receive the support and protection of the municipal government, in consequence of which belief they became rude, insolent, and intolerant to the white citizens, and the bad temper and ill feeling between the races thus generated continued to increase and was of late greatly aggravated by the heated political canvass preceding the late election, and that in the midst of the intense excitement of the last days of the canvass, William E. Sims, the coalition candidate of the senate from Pittsylvania county and Danville, made, in front of the court, house of the town, on the night of the second of November a most incendiary and violent speech to more than 500 negroes, in which he denounced many of the most respectable and prominent white citizens of the town as "liars, scoundrels, and cowards," because of their exposure of the evils of "negrorule" in Danville.

cause of their exposure of the evils of "negro

cause of their exposure of the evils of "negro rule" in Danville.

2. That on the merning following the night of Sims's speech the excitement of blacks and whites alike was violent and acrimonious, and among the ne-groes there was an evident expectation of a conflict; that about midday two negroes in-sulted a white man on the public streets and engaged him in a fight, which was ended by the white man's going away; that at last, two hours later in the day, and while a large por-tion of the men of Danville were assembled, at the opera house in a public meeting, the same the opera house in a public meeting, the same white man, when in a buggy and on his way out of town, was again londly and repeatedly called on and insulted by one of the negroes with whom he had been previously fighting during the day, and he thereupon, it suits of his previously expressed determined. fighting during the day, and he thereupon, in spite of his previously expressed determination not to engage in further difficulty, because of the then public excitement, having called two friends to insure full play, and assuring them he would use no weapon, engaged in a fistienff upon the street with the negro; that during this fight a large number of negroes gathered around, but were kept from interfering by the two friends of the white man until a policeman arrived, when the man until a policeman arrived, when the combatants were separated, and each was taken away from the street; that a short time thereafter the negroes assembled in large num-bers around the two friends of the white man, and some ten or fifteen other whites who had gathered about them, and with loud exclamations and great violence of manner asserted their determination to have their rights and their belief that a conflict between themselves and the whites was inevitable, and had as well come then as at any other day, as well as their readiness for it at that time; that these negroes, numbering not less than 200, in open defiance of the authority of the police, who repeatedly commanded them to disperse, and in disregard of the persuasions of the white men who united with the policemen in their efforts to disperse them continued to press upon the few white men in front of them and to exhibit firearms and proclaim themselves ready for a conflict until the policemen retired to the rear of the whites, upon firing commenced on both sides, and after some forty or fifty shots the negroes dispersed; some forty or fifty shots the negroes dispersed; that about seven negroes were wounded four of whom died, and two white men seriously but not mortally; that the white man most seriously wounded was certainly shot by a negro and the other white man most probably; that more negroes were seen with pistols in their hands during the firing than there were white men present at the com-mencement, and that the meeting of white citizens assembled at the opera house was not adjourned, and for the most part did not reach the street until after all the firing was over; that very soon after the firing the sergeant appeared upon the streets and, with the aid of prominent white citiand, with the aid of prominent white citi-zens, restored peace and good order, which were not afterward violated except by the wounding, while on duty that night, of a special policeman by a shot fired from behind

the house of a negro man.

3. That from within one half an hour after the commencement of the riot the town was completely under control of the sergeant and his police force, and that no further disturbance of the peaca and good order except shooting of the special policeman, as stated above, occurred, and that such peace and good order continued to prevail up to and including the day of elecprevail up to and including the day of elec-tion; that on Sunday prominent citizens prepared and caused to be printed and circu-lated, and falso on the day preceding the election, circulars signed by themselves and by the superintendents of both political parties, guaranteeing to each and every citizens, without regard to color citizens. without regard party the free right of voting; that no violence, threats, nor intimidation whatever was shown toward the negro or coalition voters, but on the contrary such voters were repeatedly assured by citizens, policemen, and military officers sent to Danville by the governor of the state, that they would be pro-tected in their right to vote as they choose; that election day was quiet and without any disturbance or difficulty at any precinct or elsewhere in town, and the election hon-estly conducted, and free and fair in all respects, and that the negroes as a body re-frained from voting under the advice and command of their party leaders, while others voted the coalition ticket without hindrance

from any quarter.
Your committee has thus confined itself to the investigation of facts and the preparation of the statement required, and herewith submit the evidence as a full and complete vindication of our town and people from the "gross misstatements which have been cir-culated through a portion of the press of the

country. Death of Commodore Berrien.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 21.—Commodore John M. Berrien, a retired officer of the United States navy, died at his residence in this city this morning of paralysis. He has had several paralytic strokes lately and been in a critical condition for the last three weeks. The funeral will take place at Princeton on

Commodore Berrien entered the navy as a midshipman March 1, 1825. He was pas midshipman June 4, 1831; promoted lieut ant Feb. 9, 1837; commander Sept. 14, 18 ant Feb. 9, 1837; commander Sept. 14, 1855; captain July 16, 1862, and commodore Sept. 26, 1866. He was placed on the retired list Dec. 28, 1866.